



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI
DI NAPOLI FEDERICO II



DIPARTIMENTO DI
INGEGNERIA
INDUSTRIALE



Design of sustainable UAVs

Some notes from a scientific research

Dr. Danilo Ciliberti

Design of Aircraft and Flight Technologies research group

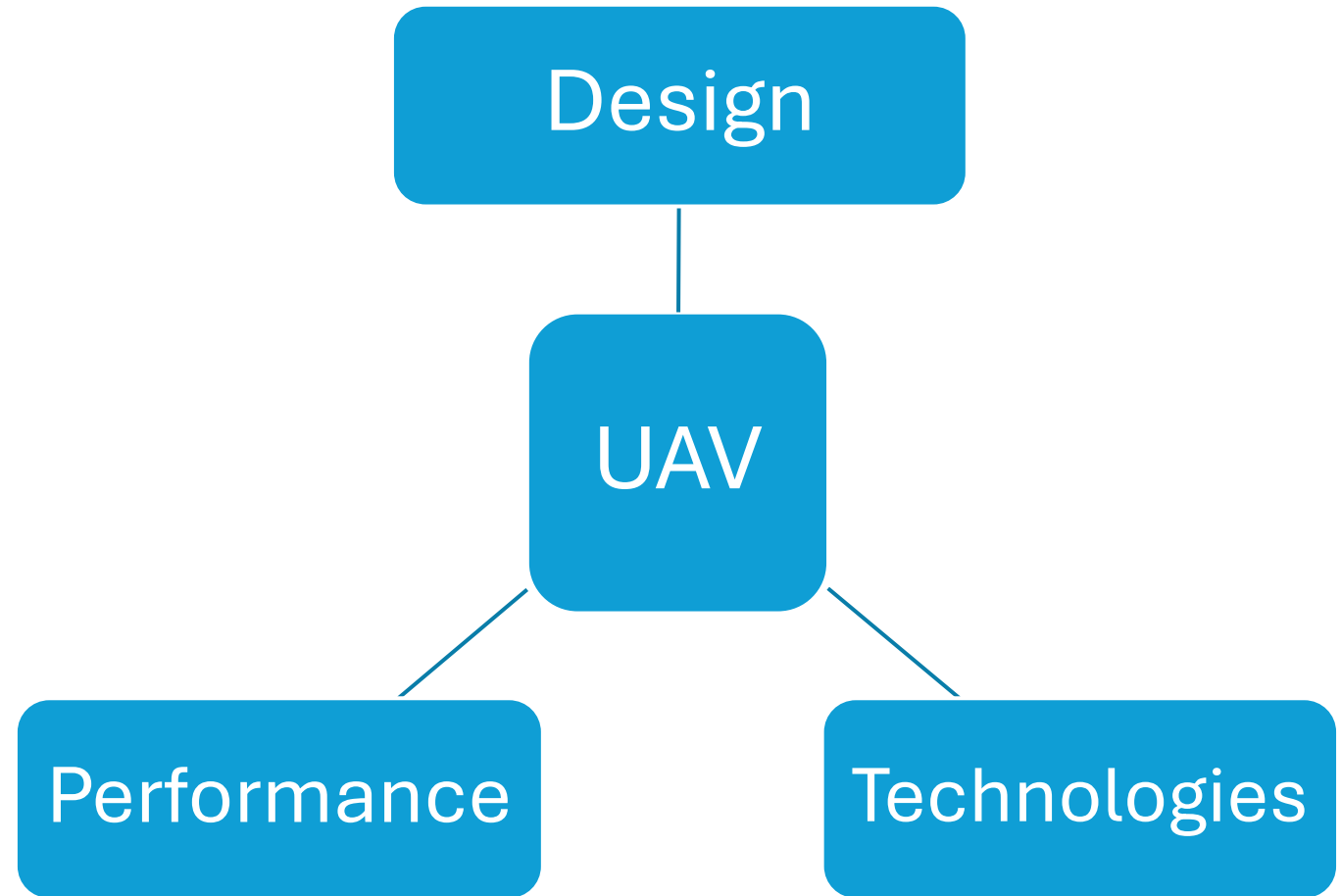
danilo.ciliberti@unina.it



www.daf.unina.it

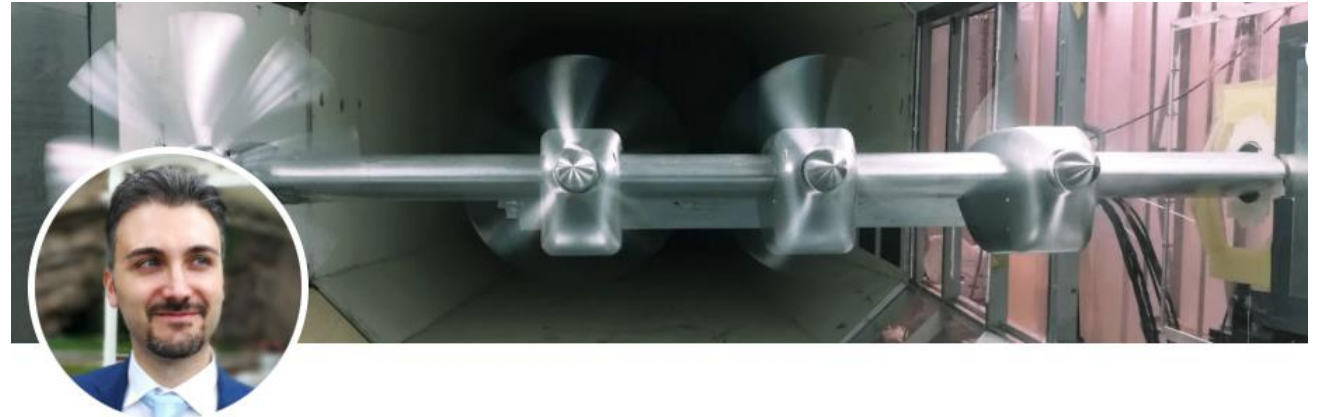
Agenda

1. DAF research group
2. Design
3. Technologies
4. Performance



Danilo Ciliberti

- Aerospace Engineer, PhD
- Former EUROAVIA Napoli local board
- Assistant Professor in Flight Mechanics
- Researcher of Aircraft Design and Flight Mechanics
 - Semi-empirical methods
 - CFD (numerical methods)
 - Wind tunnel tests
 - Flight Simulation
- Co-founder of SmartUp Engineering



Danilo Ciliberti

Assistant Professor at Università degli Studi di Napoli Federico II - Co-Founder SmartUp Engineering s.r.l.

Napoli, Campania, Italia · [Informazioni di contatto](#)



Università degli Studi di
Napoli Federico II



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DAF Research Group @ UniNa

DAF: Design of Aircraft and Eight Technologies

**Fabrizio
Nicolosi**



Full Professor

**Agostino
De Marco**



Associate
Professor

**Pierluigi
Della Vecchia**



Associate
Professor

**Danilo
Ciliberti**



Assistant
Professor

**Salvatore
Corcione**



Assistant
Professor

**Vittorio
Trifari**



Post Doc

**Vincenzo
Cusati**



Assistant
Professor

**Manuela
Ruocco**



Post Doc

**Mario
Di Stasio**



Post Doc

**Massimo
Mandorino**

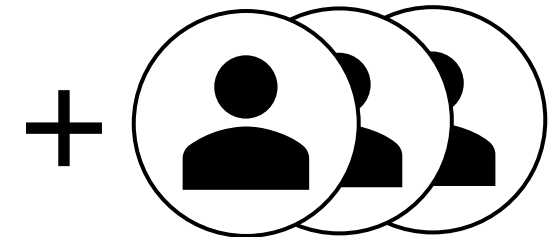


PhD candidate

**Valerio
Marciello**



PhD candidate





SmartUp Engineering: a Spin-Off of the University of Naples Federico II



TOGETHER WITH UNINA

- RESEARCH PROJECTS
- RESEARCH AGREEMENTS
- PUBLICATIONS
- CONFERENCES



<http://www.smartup-engineering.com/>
info@smartup-engineering.com

2 AIRCRAFT DESIGN SOFTWARE



ADAS: Aircraft Design teaching software

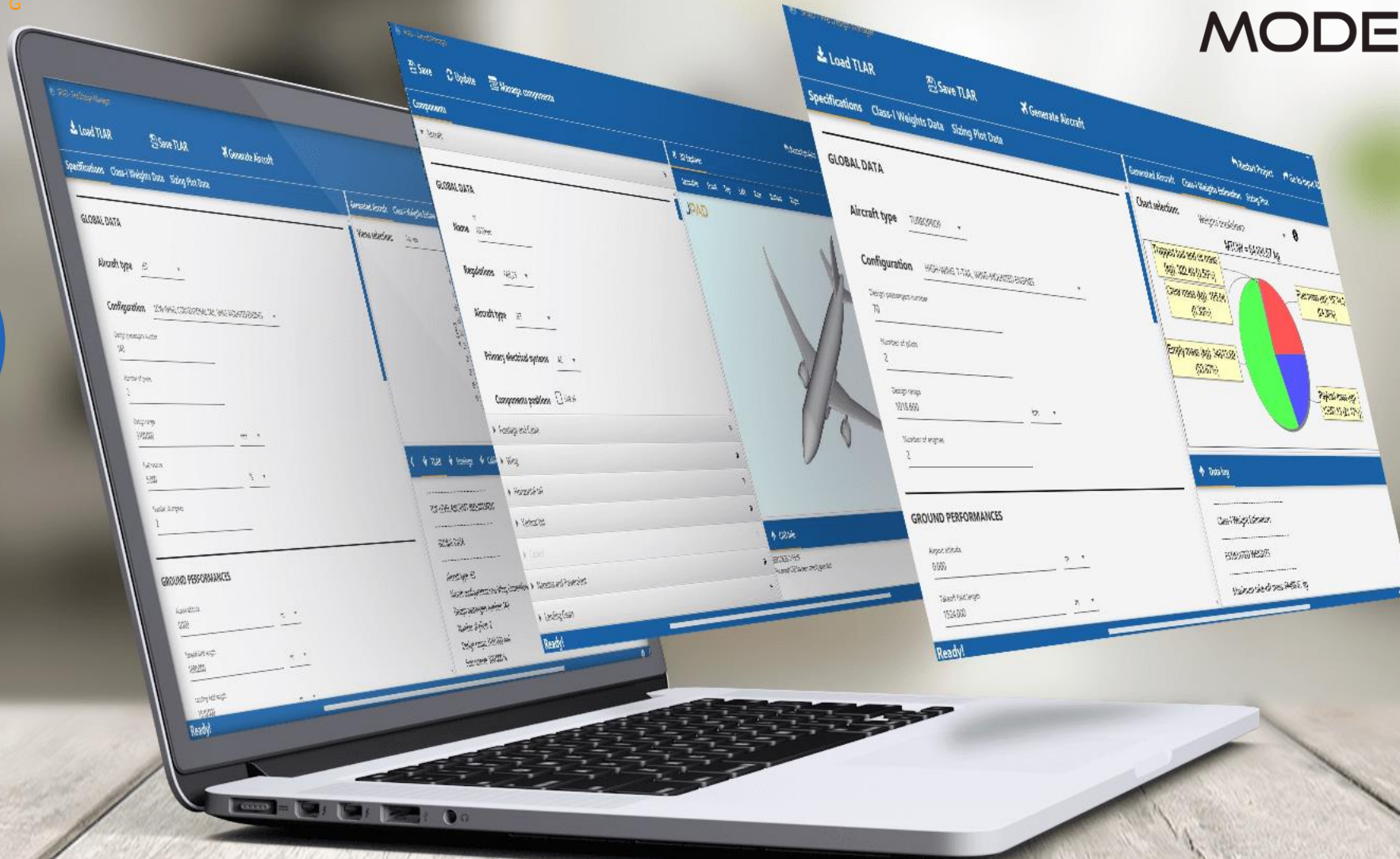
1 FLIGHT SIMULATOR INTERFACE





JPAD

MODELLER



"A knowledge-based and versatile pre-processor to simplify aircraft designers' life!"

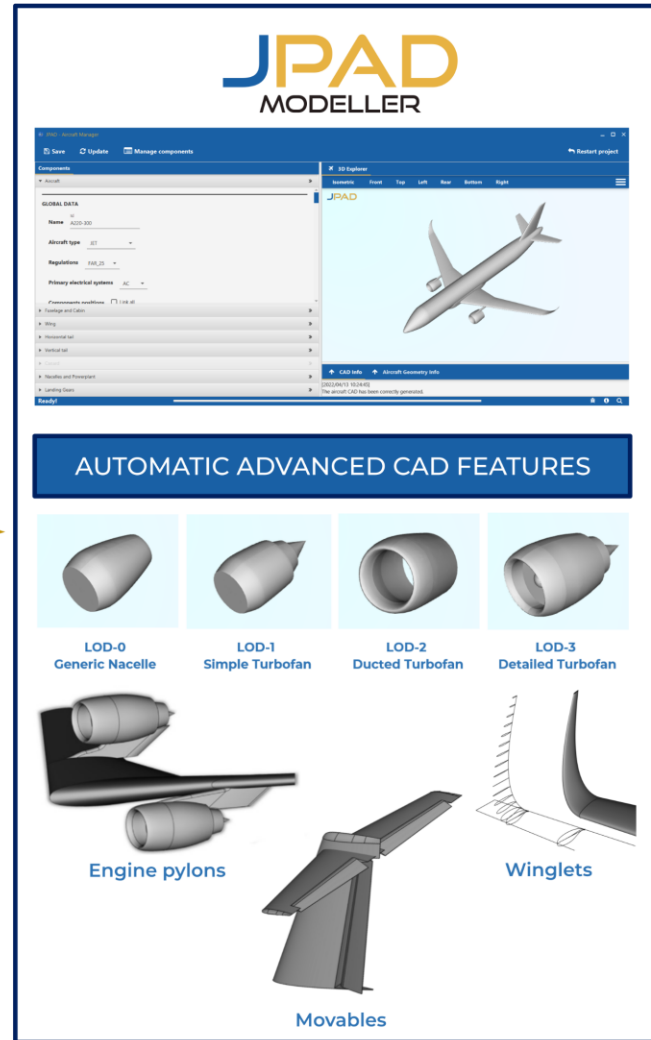
WHAT IS JPAD ? MODELLER



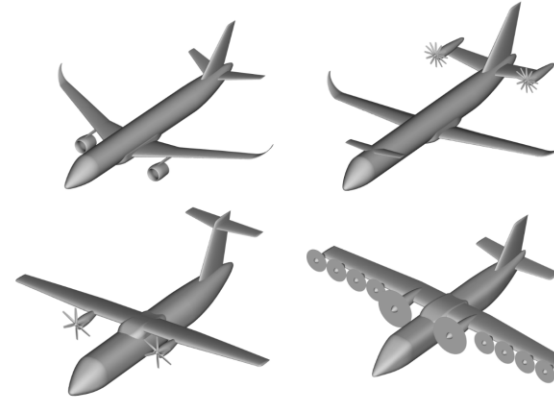
SET OF TLAR

PRE-DEFINED
AIRCRAFT MODEL

EMPTY AIRCRAFT



AUTOMATICALLY GENERATED AIRCRAFT MODELS



THIRD-PARTY
CAD SOFTWARE

EXPORT OPTIONS



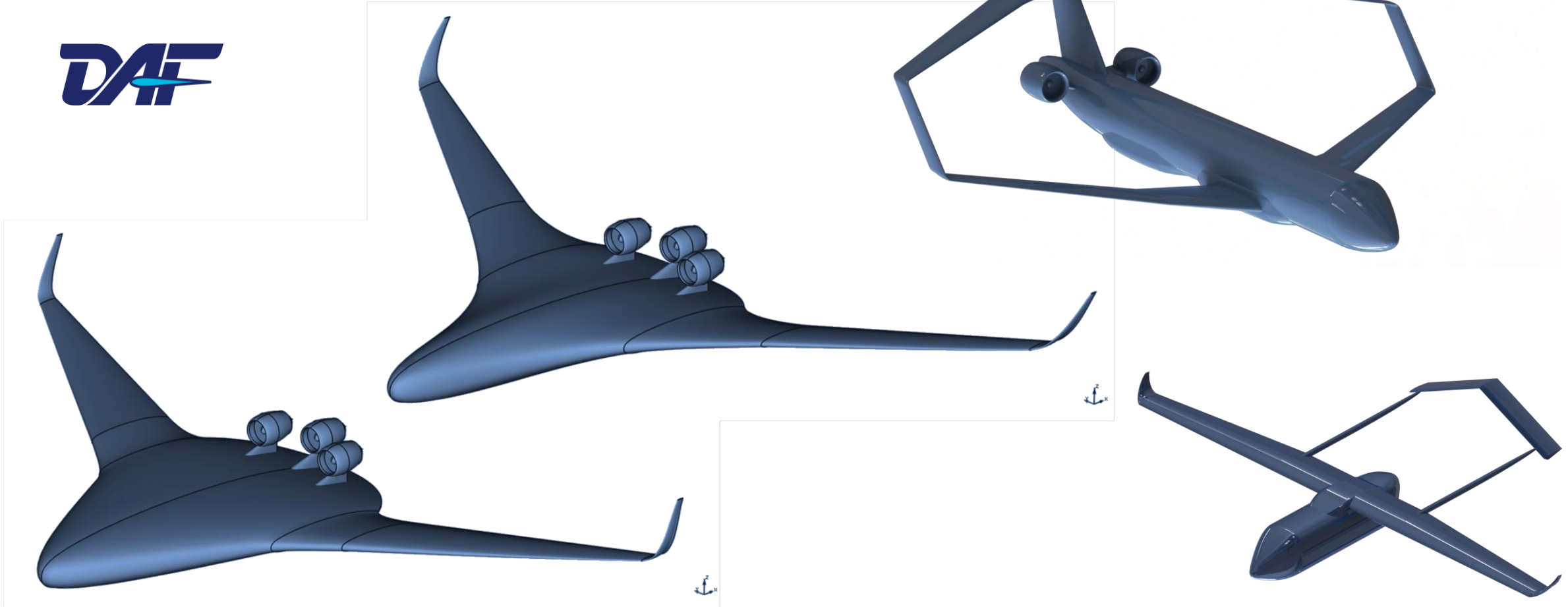
PRELIMINARY
AIRCRAFT DESIGN
ANALYSES

Unconventional configurations

JPAD
MODELLER



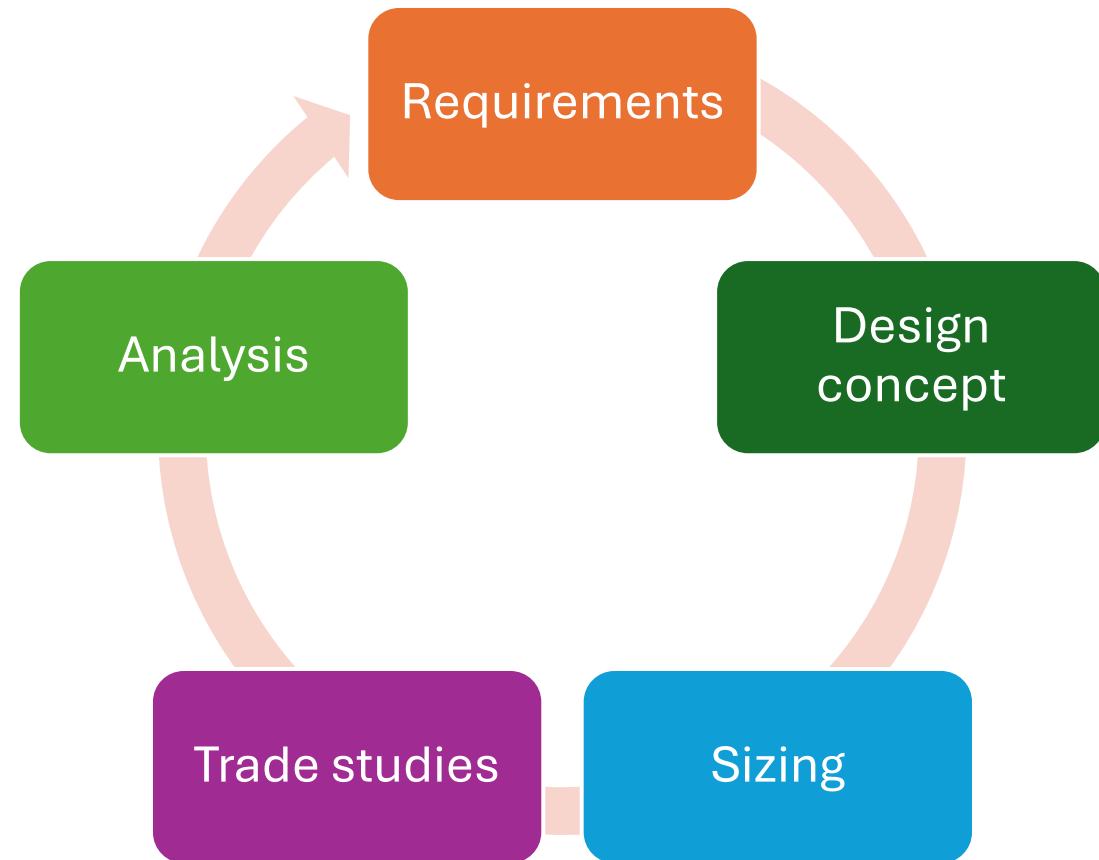
Features under development



The aircraft design cycle

“A designer knows he has achieved perfection not when there is nothing left to add, but when there is nothing left to take away”

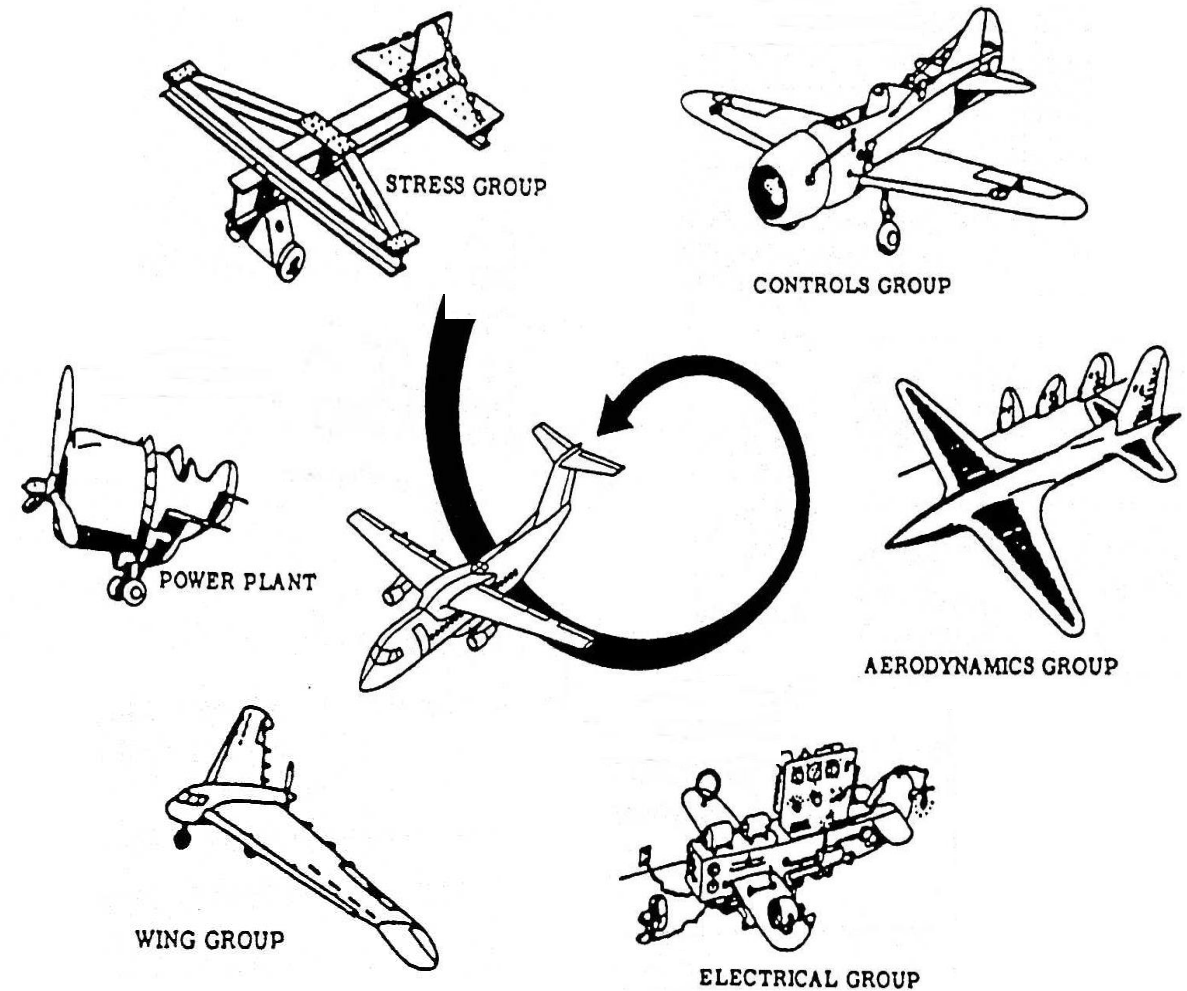
Antoine de Saint-Exupéry,
French writer, poet, and aviator



Based on Raymer – Aircraft Conceptual Design

Design as compromise

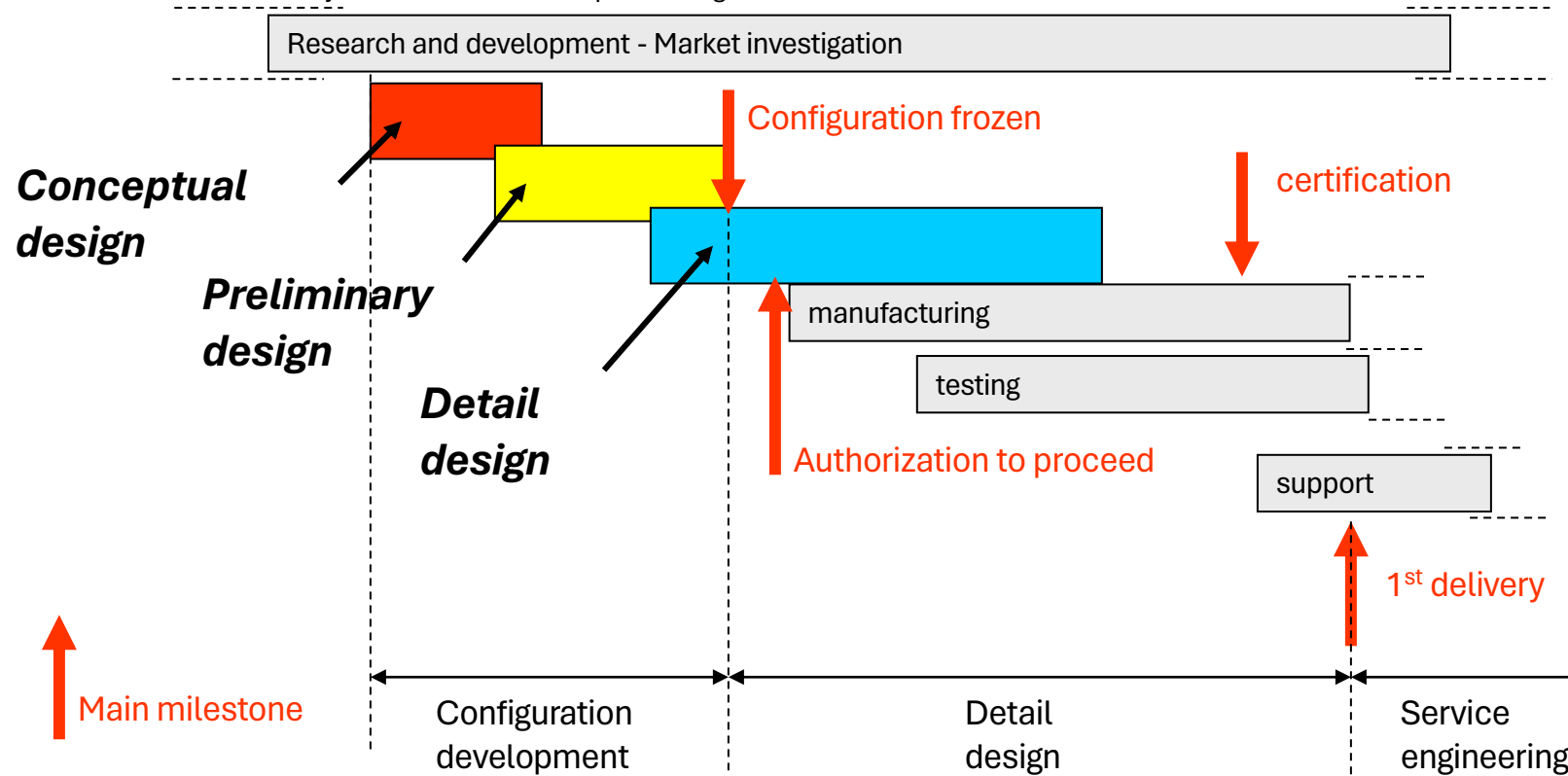
The final design is a compromise of many requirements, where each department or office attempts to prevail...



Phases of an aircraft development program

The design process is typically structured in three main phases:

Based on Torenbeek – Synthesis of subsonic airplane design

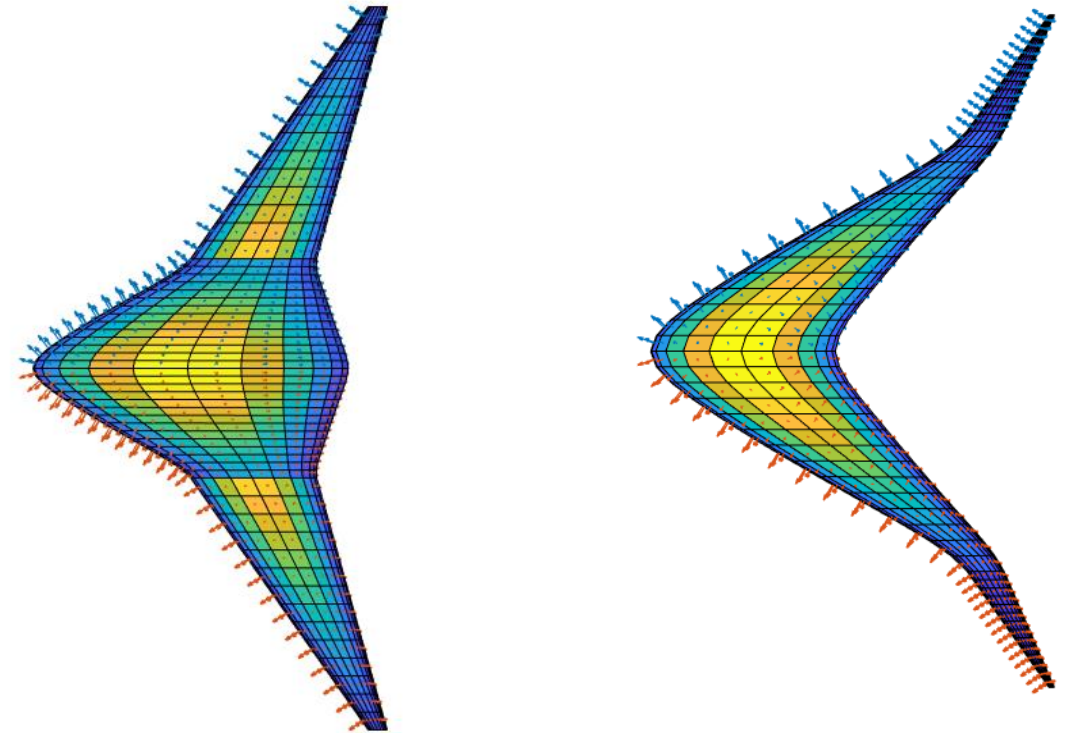


Conceptual design

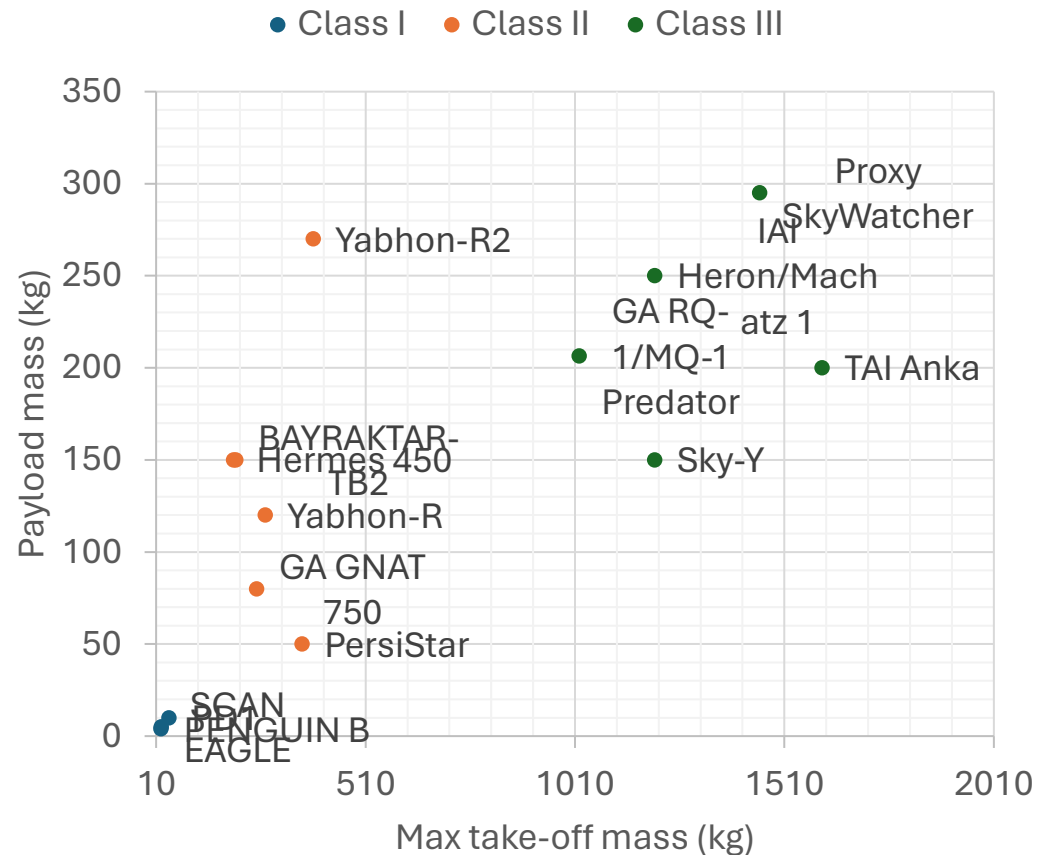
It answers the questions about:

- Layout
- Weight
- Size
- Performance
- Costs

...evaluating many alternatives
with a low level of fidelity
(sketches, spreadsheets, etc.) and
a large use of statistics



Statistics and trade-off studies



CONFIGURATION TRADE STUDY							
Attribute	Weighting	CONVENTIONAL		FLYING WING		BIPLANE	
		Insert Score	Weighted score	Insert Score	Weighted score	Insert Score	Weighted score
Structural Weight	16%	0.6	0.096	1	0.16	0.3	0.048
Manoeuvrability	12%	0.8	0.096	0.5	0.06	0.6	0.039
Passengers Capability	20%	0.8	0.16	0.3	0.06	0.7	0.081
Speed	14%	0.8	0.112	1	0.14	0.4	0.037
Manufacturability	18%	1	0.18	0.25	0.045	0.5	0.065
Take-Off Run	10%	0.9	0.09	0.7	0.07	1	0.083
Reliability	10%	1	0.1	0.5	0.05	0.6	0.055
Totals	100%		0.83		0.59		0.41

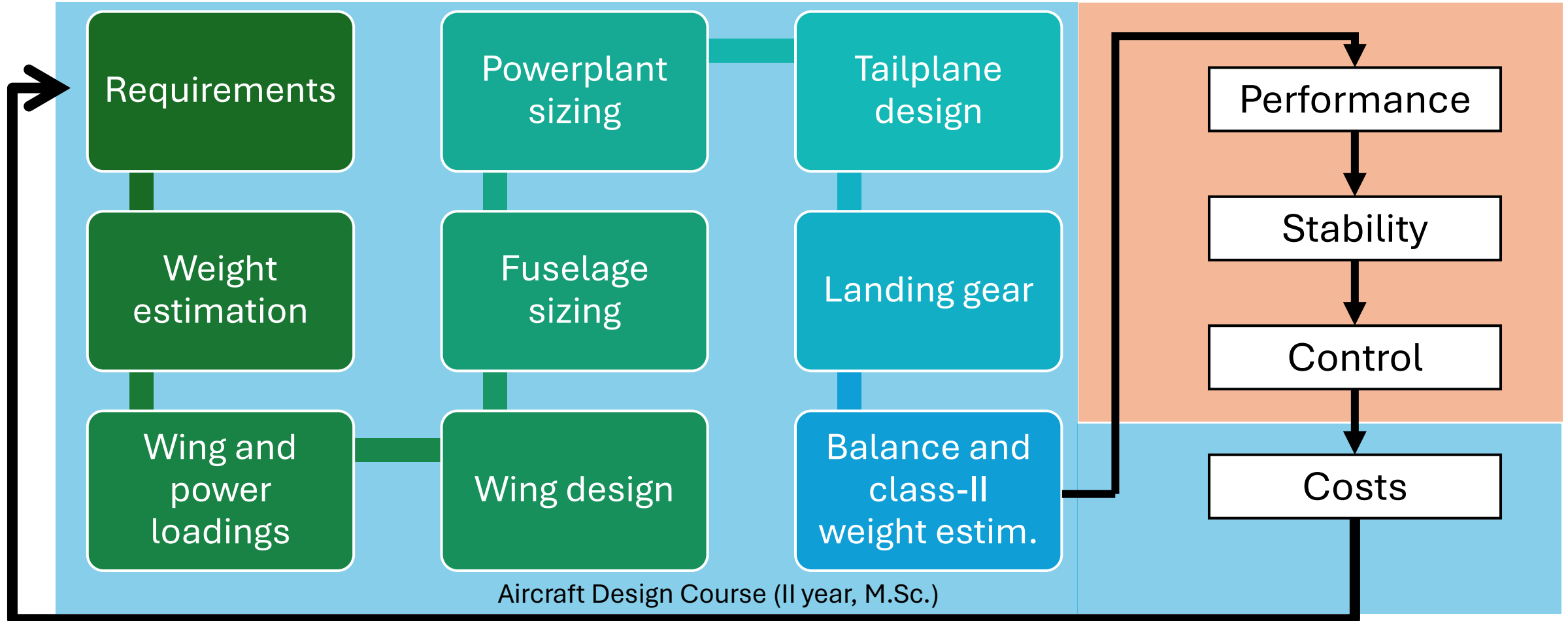
Excerpt from DBF theses

Preliminary design

- The preliminary design phase starts when the major changes in the proposed design solution are over
- At this stage you have already decided if the aircraft will be a blended wing body configuration or a conventional design
- This phase gets as input the baseline configuration, which is the output of the conceptual phase
- The purpose of this design phase is to develop the baseline configuration, until sufficient understanding such that the design can be frozen and the detail design phase can start
- **Confidence has to be shown that the aircraft can be built on time at the estimated cost, because... HERE YOU BET YOUR COMPANY!**

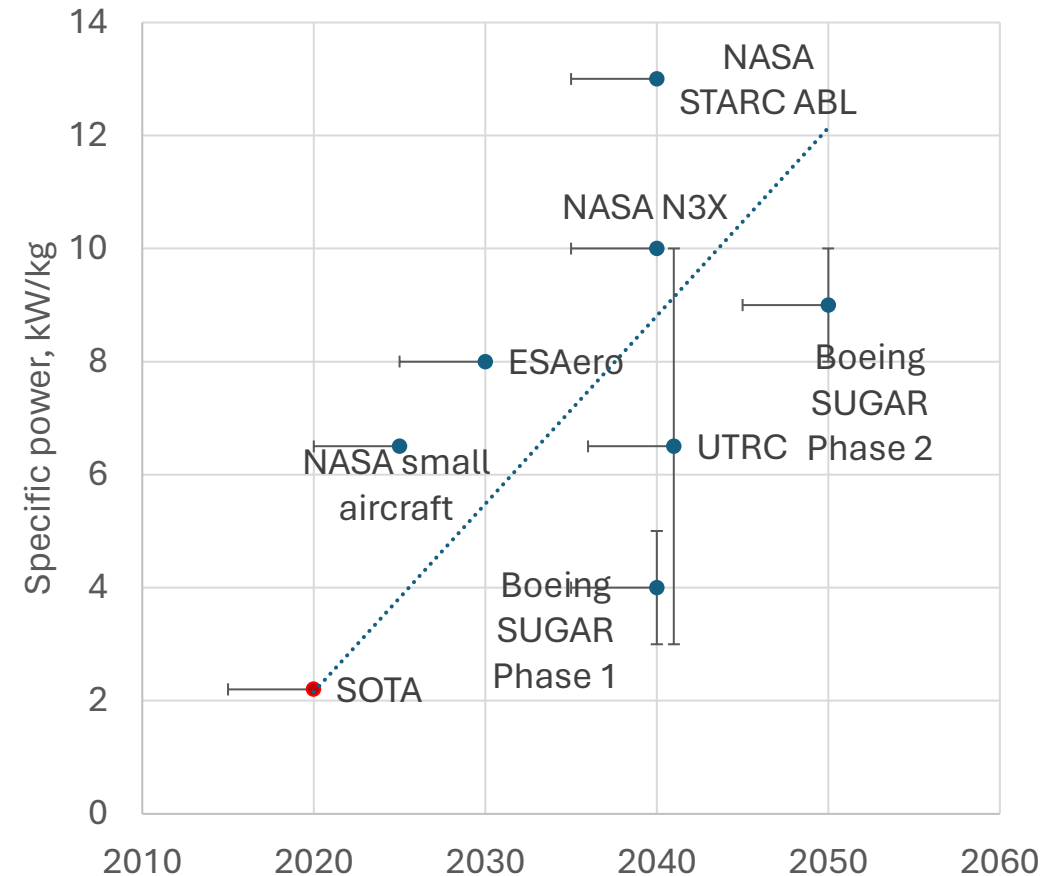
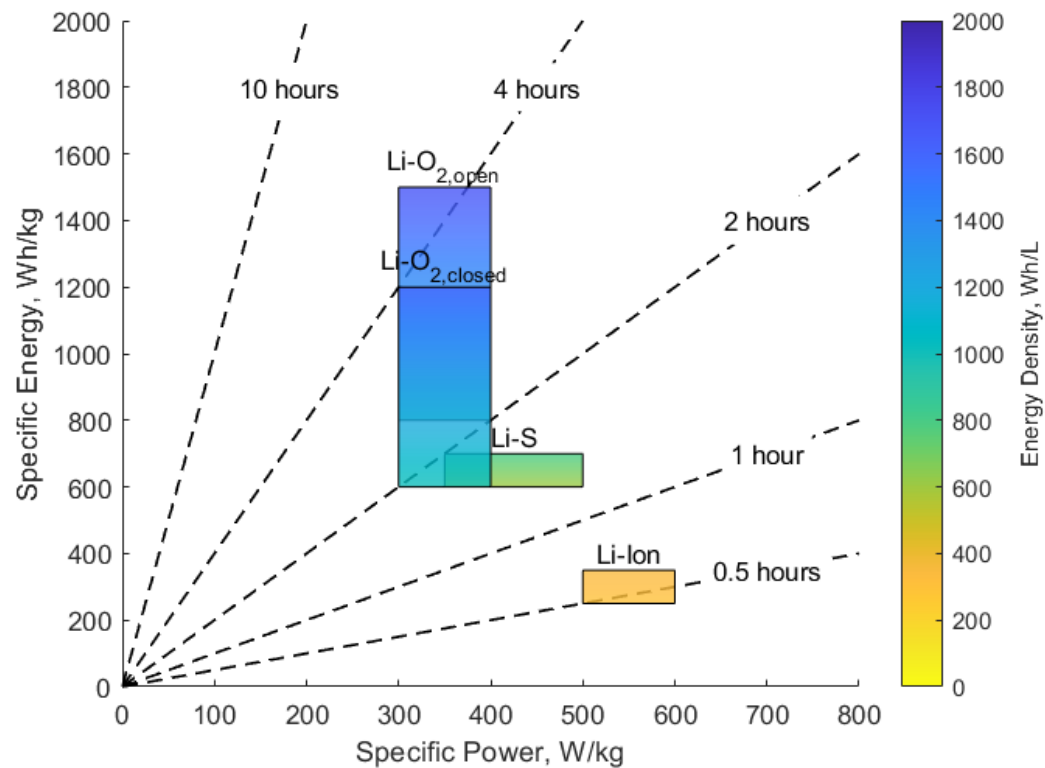
Preliminary design process

Not necessarily in this sequence, but with several interactions

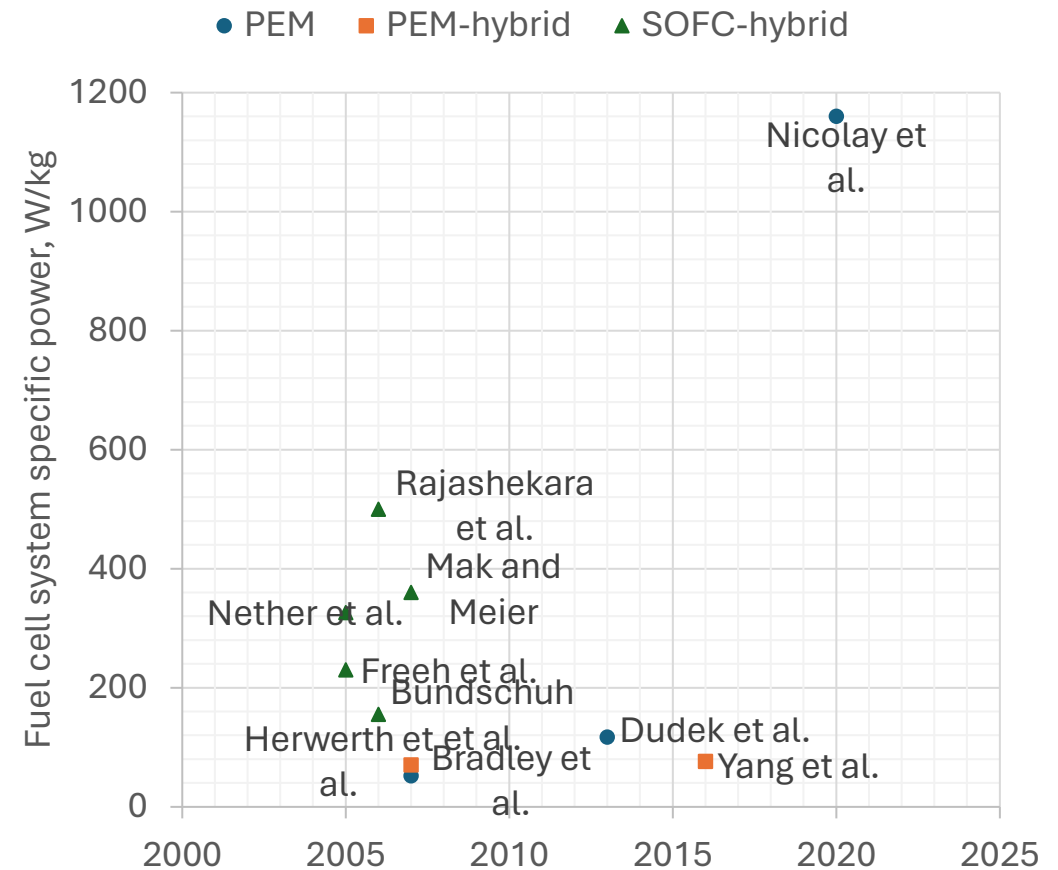
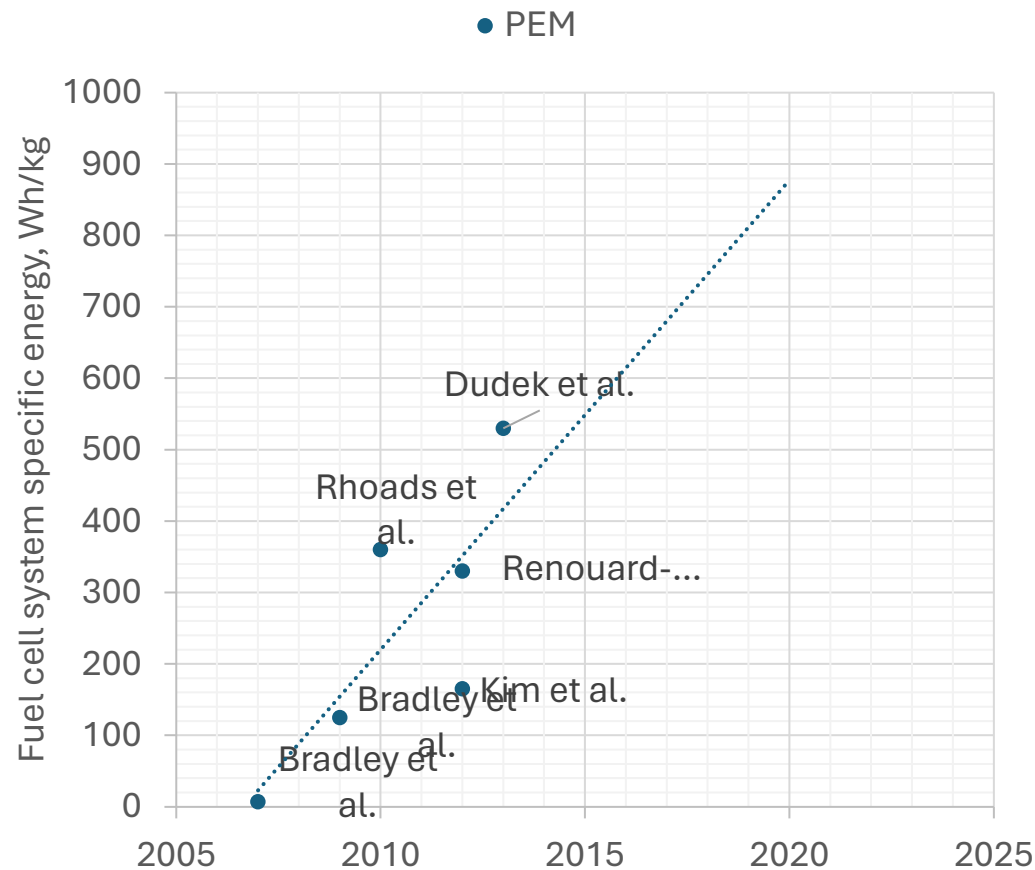


Battery and motor technologies for a sustainable flight

Forecasted battery technology by 2035



Fuel cell technology for a sustainable flight



Case study

A customer asked for a fixed-wing UAV with medium aspect ratio and 18 hours endurance... but it had to be full electric!

We were aware of the impossible requirement and immediately negotiated down to a realistic value of 4 hours endurance!

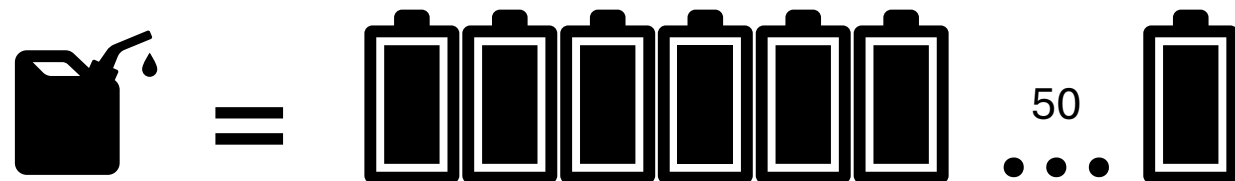
Specific energy (per unit of mass):

- battery pack = 200 Wh/kg
- fossil fuel = 11000 Wh/kg



Not the actual geometry! This is only an example!

1 kg fuel \approx 50 kg batteries!



Statistics and trade studies

Here we selected:

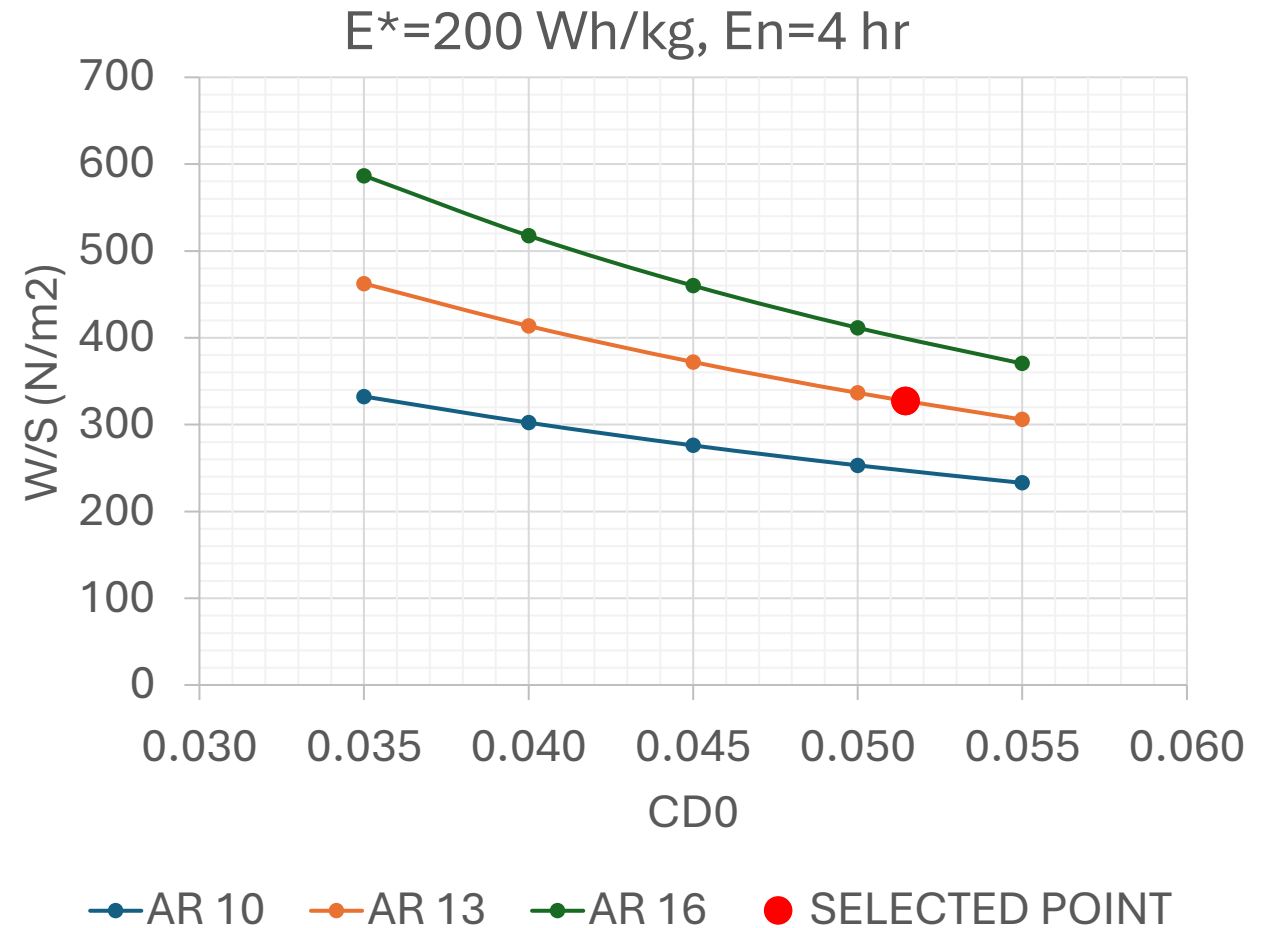
- a battery technology of 200 Wh/kg
- an endurance of 4 hours

We applied the Flight Mechanics equations:

- vertical equilibrium (lift)
- parabolic drag polar

We investigated the relationships among:

- wing aspect ratio
- zero-lift drag coefficient
- wing loading



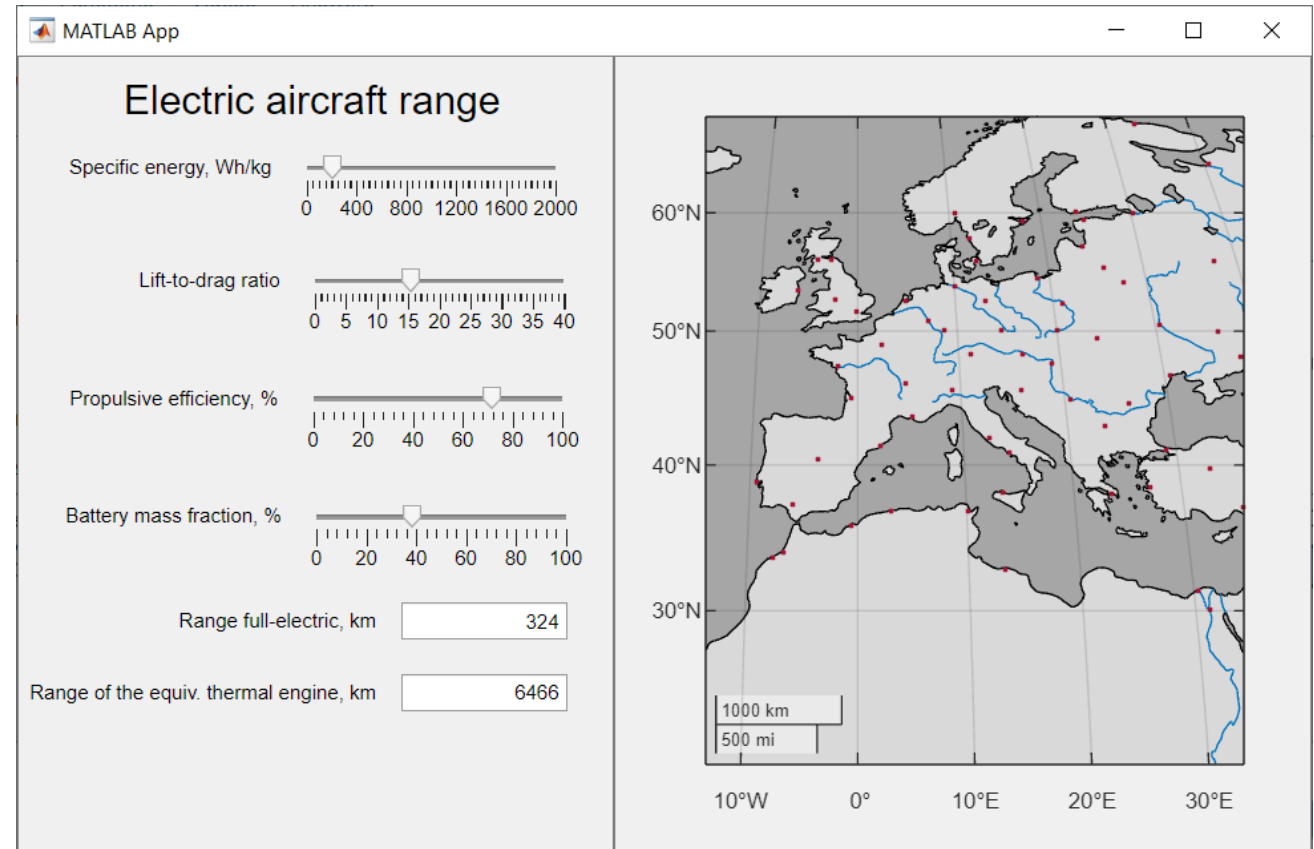
MATLAB App

Breguet formula for the range of propeller-driven aircraft:

$$R = 603.5 \frac{\eta_p}{SFC} \frac{L}{D} \ln \frac{m}{m - m_{fuel}}$$

Range formula for electric aircraft:

$$R = \frac{\eta_p E^*}{g} \frac{L}{D} \frac{m_{batt}}{m}$$



What I did *not* tell you

- The aircraft design is not only Aerodynamics, Flight Mechanics, and Weight estimation
- A deep understanding of Materials, Structures, Systems, Engines, and Regulations is needed
- With UAV, Systems and Electronics are even more important than usual



Conclusions

You now have a faint idea of UAV design for sustainable flight. To get a thorough understanding:

- Take your classes, all of them if you can, even those you don't like (sooner or later they will be useful)
- Read some theses about RC and UAV aircraft from my UniNa webpage: <http://wpage.unina.it/danilo.ciliberti/#theses>
- Get a book like “Design of Unmanned Aerial Systems” by Dr. Mohammad H. Sadraey



Thank you for your attention

Any questions?